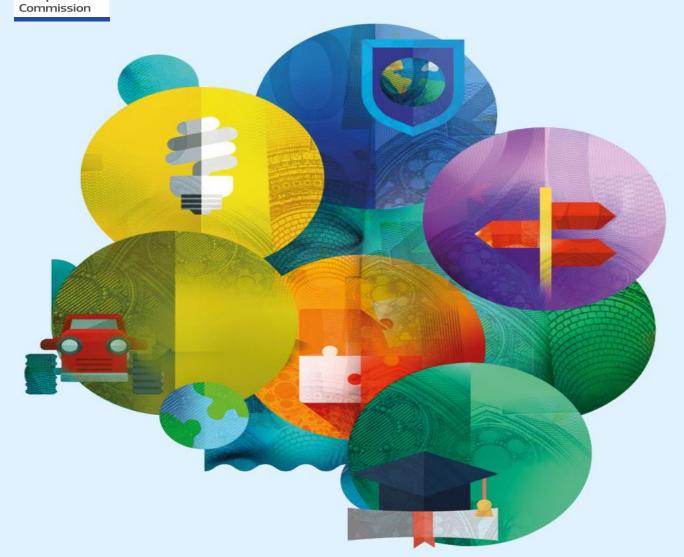


Sustainability Proofing

Preparing InvestEU

19th June 2019, Luxembourg

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Context



- Sustainability is mainstreamed in the InvestEU Programme
- Bi-dimensional approach:
 - Ensure that investment projects receiving InvestEU support don't do significant harm sustainability proofing
 - > Priority criteria on the positive agenda climate & (environmental) tracking
- Sustainability proofing specific requirements: recital (12) and Art. 7 (3) of the InvestEU Regulation
- Guidance to be developed in cooperation with potential Implementing Partners.
 - Consultation of the general sustainability proofing framework: June 2019.
 - > Drafting of the guidance: June 2019 June 2020.

Definition and objectives



- Sustainability proofing is a method that assesses and reports, using one consistent approach, for the impacts of certain financing and investment operations on three relevant dimensions of sustainability i.e. the climate, environmental and social dimension:
 - significant climate impacts of a project in particular, but not limited to, on greenhouse gas emissions, and resilience to the adverse impacts of current and future climate change;
 - significant impacts of a project on environment, in particular air, water, land, nature and biodiversity as well as effects on human health (accounting for consolidated project impact);
 - > significant impacts of a project on gender equality, the social inclusion of certain areas or populations and the economic development of areas and sectors affected by structural challenges such as the decarbonisation needs of the economy.

Legal compliance



- Financing and investment operations should comply on their own merits with relevant obligations at MS/EU/international level
- Sustainability proofing a step beyond simple legal compliance

"Financing and investment operations shall be screened to determine if they have an environmental, climate or social impact and if so, shall be subject to climate, environmental and social sustainability proofing with a view to **minimise detrimental impacts** and **maximise benefits** on climate, environment and social dimension."

Concepts



- Applicability: all four windows
 - > Infrastructure projects
 - Non-infrastructure projects

Screening

- [In case the impact is deemed to be significant for only one or two of the dimensions, no proofing shall apply for the remaining one/s]
- Criteria for screening: starting from Annex III of the EIA Directive, to be further developed
- Threshold [initial proposal]
 - Direct operations: [EUR 25 million], total project cost
 - Intermediated transaction: [EUR 12,5 million], financing of individual final beneficiary
- Sustainability proofing
 - > No proofing needed: justification to be presented to the Investment Committee
 - Performing the in-depth proofing based on the screening results

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European Commission

Sustainability proofing guidance

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Dimensions



Climate change

Infrastructure

(Guidance on climate proofing of Infrastructure projects for 2021-2027)

Non – infrastructure (to be developed)

- 1. Climate change adaptation
- 2. Climate change mitigation

Dimensions



Environment

Solid basis

- EU env. legislation (EIA Directive, Habitats/Birds Directive, Water Framework etc.)
- Appraisal of EU co-financed projects
- CBA methodology (ESIF 2014-2020)
- IFIs due diligence procedures
- Methodology for environmental accounting (based on existing corporate practices on natural capital accounting)

ISSUES to be considered

- Air
- Water
- Land
- Biodiversity
- Waste
- Human health issues (chemicals & dangerous substances, noise, disasters...)

WHAT's assessed

Investment (impacts) → environment

Environment (risks) → Investment

Account for consolidated project impact

1. Identification & assessment of impacts and measures to address them (modification of the projects/operations design or mitigation and compensation)

2. Assessment and quantification of <u>net</u> environmental impacts and dependencies (monetisation when possible)

Dimensions



Social

Compliance with applicable EU and Member State social legislation - bare minimum for operations supported by InvestEU.

The Regulation foresees that sustainability proofing process shall serve not only to verify this minimum, but also to go further by promoting positive social impacts beyond minimum legal requirements, as appropriate.

- Social impact objectives
- Target beneficiaries
- Employees
- Clients
- Third parties (suppliers, distributors)

Process



- Pre-appraisal stage
 - Policy check
 - Legal compliance
 - Screening
- Appraisal stage
 - identification & assessment of impacts, quantification (where possible), mitigants and compensation measures etc.
- During the lifetime of the project
 - Monitoring & reporting requirements

Results of the proofing to be submitted to the IC

Part of a Guarantee Request Form and Scoreboard

Expected Timeline



Commission												
		II / 2019	III / 2019	IV / 2019	1/ 2020	II / 2020	Until 31.12.2020					
		elaboration of the two g - Sustainability proofin	Working group to be established for the elaboration of the two guidances: - Sustainability proofing (SP) - Climate tracking (CT)				End of current MFF					
D	Commission Decision Guidance Methodology	climate proofing a on environmental	ents on the contents / ce (&environmental) d with the /2019 - starting work on nd preliminary discussions proofing nate (&environmental)	11/2019 - conting on climate proofin & environmental profine (initial ideas on e - preliminary disconthe social dime - continue the climate (&environmental) tracking work str	ng (non-infra) proofing nv. accounting) ussions ension mate	ate	Commission decision on SP					



Q&A Session

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